Grammar

We use prepositions before a noun or a noun phrase. *at home in the big, white house*

Some prepositions can have several meanings. *I have a family picture on my desk at work.* (= physical location) *He saw the report on community services.* (= about) *My little brother made a power point presentation on my laptop.* (= using) *She is on the advertising committee.* (= a member of)

1 Prepositions of time

<u>At, in, on</u>

The prepositions *at, in*, and *on* often show time.

at a specific time	in a period of time	on a day or date
at 10:00 at noon at night	in 2002	on Wednesday on June 15 th on my birthday

<u>By, until</u>

The prepositions by and until indicate an end point in time.

By indicates an action that can continue up to a point in time, but not after that time.

The action can end anytime before that point in time.

We need to finish everything by 10:00. (Everything should be completed at any time before 10:00, but not later than 10:00.)

Until indicates an action that continues up to a point in time, but not after that time.

Jade will work on the project until 10:00. (Jade will work continuously and at 10:00 she will stop working.)

We can't work on the project until Sherra arrives. (We will not work now and when Sherra arrives we will start working.)

In, for, during

In indicates how soon the action will take place. *The party starts in ten minutes.*

For indicates how long the action lasts. *We were at the convention for three days but left sometime during the last day.*

During indicates a period of time within which an action happens. During the rainstorm we stood under the tree for three hours.

2 Prepositions of place

We use some prepositions to show where something is.

<u>In, at, on</u>

We use *in* to describe when something is inside something else. We can hear the sound of people talking in the background. Do you work in a huge office building?